Chapter 294

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<u>S.B. No. 304</u>

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1	AN ACT
2	relating to the continuation and functions of the Texas Board of
3	Chiropractic Examiners; authorizing a reduction in fees.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Section 201.002(b), Occupations Code, is amended
6	to read as follows:
7	(b) A person practices chiropractic under this chapter if
8	the person:
9	(1) uses objective or subjective means to <u>diagnose,</u>
10	analyze, examine, or evaluate the biomechanical condition of the
11	spine and musculoskeletal system of the human body;
12	(2) performs nonsurgical, nonincisive procedures,
13	including adjustment and manipulation, to improve the subluxation
14	complex or the biomechanics of the musculoskeletal system;
15	(3) represents to the public that the person is a
16	chiropractor; or
17	(4) uses the term "chiropractor," "chiropractic,"
18	"doctor of chiropractic," "D.C.," or any derivative of those terms
19	or initials in connection with the person's name.
20	SECTION 2. Section 201.004, Occupations Code, is amended to
21	read as follows:
22	Sec. 201.004. APPLICATION OF SUNSET ACT. The Texas Board of
23	Chiropractic Examiners is subject to Chapter 325, Government Code
24	(Texas Sunset Act). Unless continued in existence as provided by

S.B. No. 304 that chapter, the board is abolished and this chapter expires September 1, 2029 [2017]. SECTION 3. Section 201.061, Occupations Code, is amended by (b) The training program must provide the person with (1) this chapter; [and] the board's programs, functions, rules, and (2) (3) the scope of and limitations on the board's (4) the types of board rules, interpretations, and

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3 4 5 follows:

amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (d) to read as

6 7 information regarding:

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9 budget; 10

11 12 rulemaking authority;

13 enforcement actions that may implicate federal antitrust law by 14 15 limiting competition or impacting prices charged by persons engaged in a profession or business the board regulates, including rules, 16 interpretations, and enforcement actions that: 17

18 (A) regulate the scope of practice of persons in 19 <u>a profession or business the board regulates;</u>

20 (B) restrict advertising by persons in a 21 profession or business the board regulates;

22 (C) affect the price of goods or services 23 provided by persons in a profession or business the board 24 regulates; and

25 (D) restrict participation in a profession or business the board regulates; 26

27 (5) [(2)] the results of the most recent formal audit

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1 of the board; 2 (6) [(3)] the requirements of: 3 (A) laws relating to open meetings, public 4 information, administrative procedure, and <u>disclosure of</u> conflicts 5 of interest; and 6 (B) other laws applicable to members of the board in performing their duties; and 7 8 (7) [(4)] any applicable ethics policies adopted by the board or the Texas Ethics Commission. 9 (d) The executive director of the board shall create a 10 training manual that includes the information required by 11 12 Subsection (b). The executive director shall distribute a copy of 13 the training manual annually to each board member. On receipt of the training manual, each board member shall sign and submit to the 14 executive director a statement acknowledging receipt of the 15 16 training manual. 17 SECTION 4. Section 201.153(a), Occupations Code, is amended 18 to read as follows: 19 (a) The board by rule shall set fees in amounts reasonable 20 and necessary to cover the costs of administering this chapter. 21 [The board may not set a fee in an amount that is less than the 22 amount of that fee on September 1, 1993.] 23 SECTION 5. The heading to Section 201.206, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows: 24 25 Sec. 201.206. CONFIDENTIALITY OF COMPLAINTS, INVESTIGATION 26 FILES, AND OTHER INFORMATION. 27 SECTION 6. Section 201.206, Occupations Code, is amended by

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1 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (c-1) and (f) to 2 read as follows:

3 (a) Each complaint, adverse report, investigation file, and 4 other investigation report and all other investigative information in the possession of or received or gathered by the board or the 5 6 board's employees or agents relating to a license holder, an 7 application for a license, or a criminal investigation or 8 proceeding is privileged and confidential and is [The board's 9 investigation files are confidential, privileged, and] not subject 10 to discovery, subpoena, or any other means of legal compulsion for 11 release to anyone other than [to] the board or an employee or agent of the board involved in any disciplinary action relating to a 12 13 license holder.

14 (c-1) The board's providing of information under Subsection 15 (c) does not constitute a waiver of a privilege or confidentiality 16 under this chapter or any other law.

17 (f) The board shall protect the identity of a complainant to
18 the extent possible.

SECTION 7. Subchapter E, Chapter 201, Occupations Code, is
 amended by adding Section 201.2065 to read as follows:

21 Sec. 201.2065. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN COMPLAINTS.
 22 (a) In this section:
 23 (1) "Anonymous complaint" means a complaint that lacks

24 <u>sufficient information to identify the source or the name of the</u> 25 <u>person who filed the complaint.</u>

26 (2) "Insurance agent" means a person licensed under
 27 Chapter 4054, Insurance Code.

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1 (3) "Insurer" means an insurance company or other 2 entity authorized to engage in the business of insurance under 3 Subtitle C, Title 6, Insurance Code. 4 (4) "Third-party administrator" means a person 5 required to have a certificate of authority under Chapter 4151, 6 Insurance Code. 7 (b) The board may not accept anonymous complaints. 8 (c) Notwithstanding any confidentiality requirements under 9 Chapter 552, Government Code, or this chapter, a complaint filed 10 with the board by an insurance agent, insurer, pharmaceutical 11 company, or third-party administrator against a license holder must 12 include the name and address of the insurance agent, insurer, 13 pharmaceutical company, or third-party administrator filing the 14 complaint. 15 (d) Not later than the 15th day after the date the complaint 16 is filed with the board, the board shall notify the license holder 17 who is the subject of the complaint of the name and address of the insurance agent, insurer, pharmaceutical company, or third-party 18 19 administrator who filed the complaint, unless the notice would 20 jeopardize an investigation. 21 SECTION 8. Subchapter E, Chapter 201, Occupations Code, is 22 amended by adding Section 201.210 to read as follows: Sec. 201.210. EXPERT REVIEW PROCESS. (a) The board by 23 24 rule shall develop an expert review process to assist the board with 25 the investigation of complaints filed with the board that require 26 additional chiropractic expertise. 27 (b) The board shall:

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1 (1) determine the type of complaints that require 2 potential expert review, including standard of care complaints; 3 (2) create a list of qualified experts to review 4 complaints that require additional chiropractic expertise; and (3) establish a method for assigning an expert to a 5 6 complaint that ensures unbiased assignments of complaints, 7 maintains confidentiality of complaints, and avoids conflicts of 8 interest related to complaints. 9 (c) The rules adopted under this section must address: 10 (1) the qualifications of the experts who may review 11 complaints; 12 (2) the grounds for removal of an expert who is 13 assigned to review a complaint; (3) the time in which a complaint that requires expert 14 15 review must be resolved; and 16 (4) the content and format of expert review documents. 17 (d) The board may contract with a qualified expert on the 18 list created under this section to assist the board in the 19 investigation of a complaint that requires additional chiropractic 20 expertise. 21 SECTION 9. Section 201.302(a), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows: 22 23 An applicant for a license by examination must present (a) satisfactory evidence to the board that the applicant: 24 25 is at least 18 years of age; (1) 26 (2) [is of good moral character; [(3)] has completed 90 semester hours of college 27

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courses other than courses included in a doctor of chiropractic
 degree program; and

3 (3) [(4)] is either a graduate or a final semester 4 student of a bona fide reputable doctor of chiropractic degree 5 program.

6 SECTION 10. Section 201.303(d), Occupations Code, is 7 amended to read as follows:

8 (d) A bona fide reputable doctor of chiropractic degree
 9 program that satisfies Section <u>201.302(a)(3)</u> [201.302(a)(4)] is
 10 one that:

(1) has entrance requirements and a course of instruction as high as those of a better class of doctor of chiropractic degree programs in the United States;

14 (2) maintains a resident course of instruction 15 equivalent to:

16 (A) not less than four terms of eight months 17 each; or

18 (B) not less than the number of semester hours
19 required by The University of Texas for a bachelor of arts or
20 bachelor of science degree;

21 (3) provides a course of instruction in the 22 fundamental subjects listed in Section 201.305(b); and

(4) has the necessary teaching staff and facilities
for proper instruction in all of the fundamental subjects listed in
Section 201.305(b).

26 SECTION 11. Section 201.307(b), Occupations Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

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1 (b) The board by rule shall establish the number of times an 2 applicant may retake the examination required by Section 201.304(a)(1) or (b), as applicable. [An applicant must pass the 3 4 examination required by Section 201.304(a)(2) within three 5 attempts.] The board by rule shall establish the conditions under 6 which an applicant may retake an examination. The board may require 7 an applicant to fulfill additional educational requirements.

8 SECTION 12. Subchapter G, Chapter 201, Occupations Code, is 9 amended by adding Sections 201.313 and 201.314 to read as follows:

Sec. 201.313. CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD INFORMATION FOR LICENSE ISSUANCE. (a) The board shall require that an applicant for a license submit a complete and legible set of fingerprints, on a form prescribed by the board, to the board or to the Department of Public Safety for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information from the Department of Public Safety and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

17 (b) The board may not issue a license to a person who does
 18 not comply with the requirement of Subsection (a).

19 (c) The board shall conduct a criminal history record 20 information check of each applicant for a license using 21 information:

(1) provided by the individual under this section; and
 (2) made available to the board by the Department of
 Public Safety, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and any other
 criminal justice agency under Chapter 411, Government Code.

26 <u>(d) The board may:</u>

27 (1) enter into an agreement with the Department of

check required under this section; and (2) authorize the Department of Public Safety to collect from each applicant the costs incurred by the Department of Public Safety in conducting the criminal history record information <u>check.</u> Sec. 201.314. SEARCH OF NATIONAL PRACTITIONER DATABASE. The board shall establish a process to search at least one national practitioner database to determine whether another state has taken any disciplinary action against an applicant or license holder before issuing an initial or renewal license under this chapter. SECTION 13. The heading to Subchapter H, Chapter 201, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows: SUBCHAPTER H. [ANNUAL] REGISTRATION AND LICENSE RENEWAL SECTION 14. Section 201.351, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows: Sec. 201.351. [ANNUAL] REGISTRATION. A chiropractor may not practice chiropractic in this state unless the chiropractor

Public Safety to administer a criminal history record information

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19 [annually] registers with the board [not later-than January 1 of 20 each year].

21 SECTION 15. The heading to Section 201.352, Occupations 22 Code, is amended to read as follows:

23 Sec. 201.352. APPLICATION FOR [ANNUAL] REGISTRATION.

SECTION 16. Section 201.352, Occupations Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (d) and adding Subsection (c-1) to read as follows:

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(a) A person required to register shall:

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(1) file [annually] with the board a written
 2 application for registration; and

3 (2) pay, with the application, <u>a</u> [an annual]
4 registration fee to the board.

5 <u>(c-1) On receipt of a renewal application, the board shall</u> 6 <u>check the national practitioner database with respect to the</u> 7 <u>license holder as provided by Section 201.314.</u>

8 (d) If the board determines that the applicant is licensed 9 to practice chiropractic in this state, the board shall issue <u>a</u> [an 10 annual] registration receipt certifying that the applicant has 11 filed an application and paid the registration fee.

SECTION 17. Section 201.353, Occupations Code, is amended mending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:

(a) <u>A license under this chapter is valid for a term of two</u>
 <u>or more years as determined by board rule.</u>

17 (a-1) The board by rule may adopt a system under which
 18 licenses expire on various dates during the year.

SECTION 18. Sections 201.354(c), (d), (f), and (g), Occupations Code, are amended to read as follows:

(c) The [annual] renewal fee applies to each person licensed by the board, even if the person is not practicing chiropractic in this state.

(d) A person whose license has been expired for 90 days or
less may renew the license by paying to the board a renewal fee that
is equal to 1-1/2 times the [annual] renewal fee set by the board
under Section 201.153(a). If a person's license has been expired

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1 for more than 90 days but less than one year, the person may renew 2 the license by paying to the board a renewal fee that is equal to two 3 times the [annual] renewal fee set by the board under Section 4 201.153(a).

(f) A person who practices chiropractic without <u>a</u> [an
annual] renewal receipt for the current year practices chiropractic
without a license.

8 (g) A person may renew a license that has been expired for at
9 least one year but not more than three years if:

10 (1) the board determines according to criteria adopted 11 by board rule that the person has shown good cause for the failure 12 to renew the license; and

13 (2) the person pays to the board:

14 (A) the [annual] renewal fee set by the board 15 under Section 201.153(a) for each year in which the license was 16 expired; and

(B) an additional fee in an amount equal to the sum of: (i) the [annual] renewal fee set by the board under Section 201.153(a), multiplied by the number of years the license was expired, prorated for fractional years; and

(ii) two times the [annual] renewal fee set
by the board under Section 201.153(a).

24 SECTION 19. Subchapter H, Chapter 201, Occupations Code, is 25 amended by adding Section 201.3545 to read as follows:

26 <u>Sec. 201.3545. CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD INFORMATION</u> 27 <u>REQUIREMENT FOR LICENSE RENEWAL.</u> (a) An applicant renewing a

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S.B. No. 304 license issued under this chapter shall submit a complete and 1 2 legible set of fingerprints for purposes of performing a criminal history record information check of the applicant as provided by 3 Section 201.313. 4 5 (b) The board may administratively suspend or refuse to 6 renew the license of a person who does not comply with the 7 requirement of Subsection (a). 8 (c) A license holder is not required to submit fingerprints 9 under this section for the renewal of the license if the license holder has previously submitted fingerprints under: 10 11 (1) Section 201.313 for the initial issuance of the 12 license; or 13 (2) this section as part of a prior license renewal. SECTION 20. Section 201.502, Occupations Code, is amended 14by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (c) to read as 15 16 follows: 17 (a) The board may refuse to admit a person to examinations and may revoke or suspend a license or place a license holder on 18 probation for a period determined by the board for: 19 20 violating this chapter or a rule adopted under (1)21 this chapter, including committing an act prohibited under Section 201.5025; 22 23 (2) engaging in deception or fraud in the practice of 24 chiropractic; presenting to the board or using a license, 25 (3) certificate, or diploma or a transcript of a license, certificate, 26 27 diploma that was illegally or fraudulently obtained, or

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1 counterfeited, or materially altered;

2 (4) presenting to the board an untrue statement or a 3 document or testimony that was illegally used to pass the 4 examination;

5 (5) being convicted of a crime involving moral 6 turpitude or a felony;

7 (6) procuring or assisting in the procuring of an8 abortion;

9 (7) engaging in grossly unprofessional conduct or 10 dishonorable conduct of a character likely to deceive or defraud 11 the public;

12 (8) having a habit of intemperance or drug addiction
13 or another habit that, in the opinion of the board, endangers the
14 life of a patient;

(9) using an advertising statement that is false or
16 that tends to mislead or deceive the public;

(10) directly or indirectly employing or associating with a person who, in the course of the person's employment, commits an act constituting the practice of chiropractic when the person is not licensed to practice chiropractic;

(11) advertising professional superiority, or advertising the performance of professional services in a superior manner, if that advertising is not readily subject to verification;

(12) purchasing, selling, bartering, using, or
offering to purchase, sell, barter, or use a chiropractic degree,
license, certificate, or diploma or transcript of a license,
certificate, or diploma in or relating to an application to the

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1 board for a license to practice chiropractic;

2 (13) altering with fraudulent intent a chiropractic 3 license, certificate, or diploma or transcript of a chiropractic 4 license, certificate, or diploma;

5 (14) impersonating or acting as proxy for another in
6 an examination required by this chapter for a chiropractic license;

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(15) impersonating a licensed chiropractor;

8 (16) allowing one's chiropractic license to be used by
9 another person to practice chiropractic;

10 (17) being proved insane by a person having authority 11 to make that determination;

(18) failing to use proper diligence in the practice of chiropractic or using gross inefficiency in the practice of chiropractic;

15 (19) failing to clearly differentiate a chiropractic
16 office or clinic from another business or enterprise;

17 (20) personally soliciting a patient or causing a 18 patient to be solicited by the use of a case history of another 19 patient of another chiropractor;

(21) using for the purpose of soliciting patients an
accident report prepared by a peace officer in a manner prohibited
by Section 38.12, Penal Code; [or]

23 (22) advertising using the term "physician" or 24 "chiropractic physician" or any combination or derivation of the 25 term <u>"physician"; or</u>

26 (23) failing to submit fingerprints to the board or
 27 Department of Public Safety to enable the board to obtain criminal

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1 history record information as required by Section 201.313. 2 ["physician."] 3 (c) The board may refuse to admit a person to an examination 4 and may revoke or suspend a license or place a license holder on 5 probation for a period determined by the board because of the 6 person's or license holder's violation of a law of this state, other 7 than this chapter, or a rule of another licensing board in this 8 state, or of a statute or rule of another state as determined 9 through a search conducted as provided by Section 201.314, if the 10 violation constitutes a violation of the laws of this state or a 11 board rule. 12 SECTION 21. The following provisions of the Occupations Code are repealed: 13 14 (1)Subchapter F, Chapter 201; and 15 Section 201.312. (2) 16 SECTION 22. (a) Not later than March 1, 2018, the Texas

17 Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall adopt rules to establish the 18 expert review process as required by Section 201.210, Occupations 19 Code, as added by this Act.

20 (b) Not later than September 1, 2019, the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners shall obtain criminal history record 21 22 information on each person who on the effective date of this Act holds a license issued under Chapter 201, Occupations Code, and did 23 24 not undergo a criminal history record information check based on 25 the license holder's fingerprints on the initial application for 26 the license. The board may suspend the license of a license holder 27 who does not provide the criminal history record information as

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1 required by the board and this subsection.

2 SECTION 23. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of 3 this section, Section 201.061, Occupations Code, as amended by this 4 Act, applies to a member of the Texas Board of Chiropractic 5 Examiners appointed before, on, or after the effective date of this 6 Act.

7 (b) A member of the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners 8 who, before the effective date of this Act, completed the training 9 program required by Section 201.061, Occupations Code, as that law 10 existed before the effective date of this Act, is required to 11 complete additional training only on subjects added by this Act to 12 the training program as required by Section 201.061, Occupations 13 Code, as amended by this Act. A board member described by this 14 subsection may not vote, deliberate, or be counted as a member in 15 attendance at a meeting of the board held on or after December 1, 16 2017, until the member completes the additional training.

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SECTION 24. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.

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the House Speaker of

hereby certify that S.B. No. 304 passed the Senate on Ι April 5, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 0; and that the Senate concurred in House amendment on May 22, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0._

Secretary of enate

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 304 passed the House, with amendment, on May 18, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 144, Nays 0, two present not voting. _



Approved:

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<u>Date</u> Date Reg ahbott

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE O'CLOCK 8:00 pm 2 MAY 2 Secretary of State

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 85TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 19, 2017

TO: Honorable Dan Patrick, Lieutenant Governor, Senate

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: SB304 by Taylor, Van (Relating to the continuation and functions of the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners; authorizing a reduction in fees), **As Passed 2nd House**

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for SB304, As Passed 2nd House: a negative impact of (\$600,000) through the biennium ending August 31, 2019.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2018	(\$300,000)
2019	(\$300.000)
2020	(\$300,000)
2021	(\$300,000)
2022	(\$300,000)

All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from <i>General Revenue Fund</i> 1	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Appropriated Receipts 666	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from Appropriated Receipts 666
2018	\$5,014	(\$305,014)	(\$38,000)	\$38,000
2019	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	(\$38,000)	\$38,000
2020	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	\$0	\$0
2021	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	\$0	\$0
2022	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	\$0	\$0

Fiscal Year	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2017
2018	(0 5)
2019	(0 5)
2020	(0 5)
2021	(0 5)
2022	(0 5)

Fiscal Analysis

The bill would amend the Occupations Code relating to the continuation and functions of the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners (TBCE), authorizing a reduction in fees The bill would continue TBCE for twelve years until September 1, 2029.

The bill would remove restrictions on TBCE from setting fees below a specified amount.

The bill would amend the Occupations Code to require the TBCE to develop an expert review process to assist with complaints that require additional chiropractic expertise. The bill repeals Subchapter F, Chapter 201, Occupations Code, which provides current requirements for local and executive peer review committees.

The bill would require that an applicant for licensure submit fingerprints to the board or the Department of Public Safety (DPS) for the purpose of a criminal history record check from the Department of Public Safety and Federal Bureau of Investigation. The bill would allow the board to enter into an agreement with DPS to administer the criminal history check and authorize DPS to collect from applicants an amount to cover the costs incurred by the agency in conducting the criminal history check. The bill would require all current licensees who have not undergone a criminal history check to do so by September 1, 2019.

The bill would require TBCE to establish a process to review a national practitioner database to determine whether another state has taken any disciplinary or other legal action against an applicant or license holder before issuing a license or license renewal.

The bill would repeal Section 201 312 of the Occupations Code to discontinue the registration of chiropractic facilities.

The bill would permit the board to extend the validity of a license issued by the agency from one year to two or more years through board rule

The bill would take effect on September 1, 2017.

Methodology

The Comptroller of Public Accounts estimates that the change in timing of renewals could affect the timing of fee collections, however, since a renewal schedule would be determined by TBCE rule the effect on revenue over the biennium cannot be determined. The Comptroller of Public Accounts estimates the discontinuation of the regulation of chiropractic facilities at the TBCE would result in a revenue decrease of \$300,000 per fiscal year to the General Revenue Fund beginning in fiscal year 2018 and continuing each year thereafter.

Based on Legislative Budget Board (LBB) analysis of TBCE, it is also assumed that the removal of the agency's ability to set fees below a certain level would not have a significant impact on revenues to the state.

Based on information provided by TBCE, it is assumed TBCE will not incur a cost for the national databank query

The provisions of the bill relating to the establishment of an expert review process, the ability to set biennial renewals, and the discontinuation of the registration of facilities would result in a net savings at the agency of \$5,014 in General Revenue in fiscal year 2018 and a net savings of \$16,149 in General Revenue in fiscal year 2019 and thereafter. This analysis assumes that any savings to TBCE, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by a decrease in fee-generated revenue of an equal amount.

Based on the analysis of the TBCE, it is assumed that the provisions of the bill relating to the expert review process would result in an annual cost of approximately \$15,000 per fiscal year in General Revenue, beginning in fiscal year 2018. The agency anticipates approximately 25 reviews per fiscal year including approximately 4 hours per review. The cost of paying an expert per hour is \$150 per hour, resulting in an annual cost of \$15,000 per fiscal year in General Revenue. Due to the provisions of the bill permitting biennial license renewals, the TBCE estimates a cost of \$11,135 in General Revenue in fiscal year 2018 for travel and postage costs

The deregulation of the facilities would create a savings in staff workload at the agency resulting in a savings of \$31,149 in salaries and benefits in General Revenue and 0.5 Full-time Equivalent (FTE).

Based on information provided by the Comptroller of Public Accounts and TBCE, approximately 2,800 current licensees would need to obtain a background check upon renewal. This analysis assumes that TBCE currently conducts finger-based background checks for new licensees. Therefore, revenue in this analysis includes revenue attributed to current licensees without a finger-based background check as reported by the Comptroller of Public Accounts. It is assumed that the implementation of this requirement would be done over the next two years to meet the requirements of the bill. The Department of Public Safety (DPS) charges applicants \$27 to perform a finger print based background check to cover the cost to DPS to obtain state and national criminal history record information. Based on the number of applicants and assumed implementation of the requirement, it is estimated that there will be a revenue increase to Appropriated Receipts at DPS of \$38,000 in FY2018 and FY2019, offset by an equal cost of Appropriated Receipts at the agency in each fiscal year to perform the background check.

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Office of the Attorney General anticipate any additional work resulting from the passage of the bill could be reasonably absorbed within current resources.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 313 Department of Information Resources, 360 State Office of Administrative Hearings, 405 Department of Public Safety, 508 Board of Chiropractic Examiners, 116 Sunset Advisory Commission, 601 Department of Transportation, 302 Office of the Attorney General LBB Staff: UP, EK, AG, EH, TG, KCA, LCO

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LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

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FISCAL NOTE, 85TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 29, 2017

TO: Honorable Four Price, Chair, House Committee on Public Health

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: SB304 by Taylor, Van (Relating to the continuation and functions of the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners; authorizing a reduction in fees.), As Engrossed

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2020	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	\$0	\$0
2021	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	\$0	\$0
2022	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	\$0	\$0

Fiscal Year	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2017
2018	(0.5)
2019	(0.5)
2020	(0.5)
2021	(0.5)
2022	(0.5)

Fiscal Analysis

The bill would amend the Occupations Code relating to the continuation and functions of the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners (TBCE); authorizing a reduction in fees. The bill would continue TBCE for twelve years until September 1, 2029.

The bill would remove restrictions on TBCE from setting fees below a specified amount.

The bill would amend the Occupations Code to require the TBCE to develop an expert review process to assist with complaints that require additional chiropractic expertise. The bill repeals Subchapter F, Chapter 201, Occupations Code, which provides current requirements for local and executive peer review committees.

The bill would require that an applicant for licensure submit fingerprints to the board or the Department of Public Safety (DPS) for the purpose of a criminal history record check from the Department of Public Safety and Federal Bureau of Investigation. The bill would allow the board to enter into an agreement with DPS to administer the criminal history check and authorize DPS to collect from applicants an amount to cover the costs incurred by the agency in conducting the criminal history check. The bill would require all current licensees who have not undergone a criminal history check to do so by September 1, 2019.

The bill would require TBCE to establish a process to review a national practitioner database to determine whether another state has taken any disciplinary or other legal action against an applicant or license holder before issuing a license or license renewal.

The bill would repeal Section 201.312 of the Occupations Code to discontinue the registration of chiropractic facilities.

The bill would permit the board to extend the validity of a license issued by the agency from one year to two years through board rule.

The bill would take effect on September 1, 2017.

Methodology

The Comptroller of Public Accounts estimates that the adoption of a biennial license renewal schedule would affect the timing of revenue collection, but would have minimal effect on the amount of revenue collected for the biennium. The Comptroller of Public Accounts estimates the discontinuation of the regulation of chiropractic facilities at the TBCE would result in a revenue decrease of \$300,000 per fiscal year to the General Revenue Fund beginning in fiscal year 2018 and continuing each year thereafter.

Based on Legislative Budget Board (LBB) analysis of TBCE, it is also assumed that the removal of the agency's ability to set fees below a certain level would not have a significant impact on revenues to the state.

Based on information provided by TBCE, it is assumed TBCE will not incur a cost for the national databank query.

The provisions of the bill relating to the establishment of an expert review process, the ability to set biennial renewals, and the discontinuation of the registration of facilities would result in a net savings at the agency of \$5,014 in General Revenue in fiscal year 2018 and a net savings of \$16,149 in General Revenue in fiscal year 2019 and thereafter. This analysis assumes that any savings to TBCE, which is statutorily required to generate sufficient revenue to cover its costs of operation, would be offset by a decrease in fee-generated revenue of an equal amount.

Based on the analysis of the TBCE, it is assumed that the provisions of the bill relating to the expert review process would result in an annual cost of approximately \$15,000 per fiscal year in General Revenue, beginning in fiscal year 2018. The agency anticipates approximately 25 reviews per fiscal year including approximately 4 hours per review. The cost of paying an expert per hour is \$150 per hour, resulting in an annual cost of \$15,000 per fiscal year in General Revenue. Due to the provisions of the bill permitting biennial license renewals, the TBCE estimates a cost of \$11,135 in General Revenue in fiscal year 2018 for travel and postage costs.

The deregulation of the facilities would create a savings in staff workload at the agency resulting in a savings of \$31,149 in salaries and benefits in General Revenue and 0.5 Full-time Equivalent (FTE).

Based on information provided by the Comptroller of Public Accounts and TBCE, approximately 2,800 current licensees would need to obtain a background check upon renewal. This analysis assumes that TBCE currently conducts finger-based background checks for new licensees. Therefore, revenue in this analysis includes revenue attributed to current licensees without a finger-based background check as reported by the Comptroller of Public Accounts. It is assumed that the implementation of this requirement would be done over the next two years to meet the requirements of the bill. The Department of Public Safety (DPS) charges applicants \$27 to perform a finger print based background check to cover the cost to DPS to obtain state and national criminal history record information. Based on the number of applicants and assumed implementation of the requirement, it is estimated that there will be a revenue increase to Appropriated Receipts at DPS of \$38,000 in FY2018 and FY2019, offset by an equal cost of Appropriated Receipts at the agency in each fiscal year to perform the background check.

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Office of the Attorney General anticipate any additional work resulting from the passage of the bill could be reasonably absorbed within current resources.

Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 313 Department of Information Resources, 360 State Office of Administrative Hearings, 405 Department of Public Safety, 508 Board of Chiropractic Examiners, 116 Sunset Advisory Commission, 601 Department of Transportation, 302 Office of the Attorney General LBB Staff: UP, EK, AG, EH, TG, KCA, LCO

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LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 85TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 19, 2017

TO: Honorable Charles Schwertner, Chair, Senate Committee on Health & Human Services

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: SB304 by Taylor, Van (Relating to the continuation and functions of the Texas Board of Chiropractic Examiners; authorizing a reduction in fees.), As Introduced

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for SB304, As Introduced: a negative impact of (\$600,000) through the biennium ending August 31, 2019.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2018	(\$300,000)
2019	(\$300,000)
2020	(\$300,000)
2021	(\$300,000)
2022	(\$300,000)



All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Savings/(Cost) from General Revenue Fund 1	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from <i>General Revenue Fund</i> 1	Probable Savings/(Cost) from Appropriated Receipts 666	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from <i>Appropriated Receipts</i> 666
2018	\$5,014	(\$305,014)	(\$38,000)	\$38,000
2019	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	(\$38,000)	\$38,000
2020	\$16,149	(\$316,149)	\$0	\$0
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Fiscal Analysis

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Local Government Impact

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Source Agencies: 116 Sunset Advisory Commission, 302 Office of the Attorney General, 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts, 313 Department of Information Resources, 360 State Office of Administrative Hearings, 405 Department of Public Safety, 508 Board of Chiropractic Examiners



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LBB Staff: UP, KCA, EH, EK, LCO

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